# SUNBEAM CHILDREN'S FOUNDATION LIMITED 陽光兒童基金有限公司

REPORTS
AND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019



CONTENTS:	Pages
REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS	1 - 2
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	3 - 5
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	6
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	7
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	8
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	9
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	10 - 25

# SUNBEAM CHILDREN'S FOUNDATION LIMITED 陽光兒童基金有限公司 REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The board of directors submit herewith their report together with the audited financial statements of Sunbeam Children's Foundation Limited ("the Foundation") for the year ended 31 December 2019.

## **Principal Activity**

The principal activity of the Foundation is to promote and encourage charitable work for children of need in China.

# **Accounts**

The results and cash flows of the Foundation for the year ended 31 December 2019 and its financial position as at that date are set out on pages 6 to 25 of the financial statements.

# **Board of Directors**

The members of the Foundation's Board of Directors during the year and up to the date of this report are as follows:-

Maureen Foreman Lau Hon Wai Lam Selina Patrick George Budden Anthony Robert Wilson Daren Durkin

Jane Frances Wakeman

Ho May Chi Kum (resigned on 26 September 2019)
Dorothy Jean Wong (resigned on 26 September 2019)
Rebecca Francine Boss (appointed on 14 January 2020)
Kevin Douglas Harrison (appointed on 14 January 2020)

In accordance with the Article 33 of the Foundation's Articles of Association, all directors of the Board shall hold office for a term of one year and shall be eligible for the re-election upon expiry of the term of office.

# **Business Review**

The Foundation qualifies for the reporting exemption as a small guarantee company. Accordingly, the Foundation is exempted from preparing a business review under section 388(3)(a) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

# **Management Contracts**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Foundation were entered into or existed during the year.

# SUNBEAM CHILDREN'S FOUNDATION LIMITED 陽光兒童基金有限公司 REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

Continued

# **Auditors**

Fok Chan Leung Wan CPA Limited retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment for the coming year.

# **Other Matters**

At the date of this report the directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or financial statements which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

For and on behalf of the Board

Lau Hon Wai Lam Selina

Director Hong Kong

12 AUG 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SUNBEAM CHILDREN'S FOUNDATION LIMITED 陽光兒童基金有限公司 (Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability by guarantee)

## Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sunbeam Children's Foundation Limited ("the Foundation") set out on pages 6 to 25, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Foundation as at 31 December 2019, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Foundation in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the report of the directors set out on pages 1 to 2.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### FOK CHAN LEUNG WAN CPA LTD.

Certified Public Accountants (Practising)

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SUNBEAM CHILDREN'S FOUNDATION LIMITED 陽光兒童基金有限公司

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability by guarantee)

Continued

# Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Foundation or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

#### FOK CHAN LEUNG WAN CPA LTD.

Certified Public Accountants (Practising)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF
SUNBEAM CHILDREN'S FOUNDATION LIMITED

陽光兒童基金有限公司

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability by guarantee)

Continued

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Foundation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Fok Chan Leung Wan CPA Limited

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Certified Public Accountants (Practising)

Hong Kong

12 AUG 2020 Ng Wai Hong

Practising Certificate No. P04638

# SUNBEAM CHILDREN'S FOUNDATION LIMITED 陽光兒童基金有限公司 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2019</u> <u>HK\$</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>HK\$</u>
Non-Current Assets Property, plant and equipment Financial assets at fair value through	4	3,290,406	3,515,463
profit or loss	5	177,951	151,491
		3,468,357	3,666,954
Current Assets Utility and other deposits Prepayment Fixed deposit at bank Cash at banks Cash on hand		10,642 126,410 534,002 6,233,289 31,321 6,935,664	10,342 25,361 532,749 5,929,004 38,507
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses Receipt in advance on 20th Anniversary Dinner		9,000 1,049,748 1,058,748	9,000
Net Current Assets		5,876,916	6,526,963
Net Assets		9,345,273	10,193,917
Represented by:  Members' Equity			
Accumulated Surplus  Balance brought forward  Deficit and total comprehensive  loss for the year		10,193,917	10,784,362 (590,445)
Balance carried forward		9,345,273	10,193,917

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 12 AUG 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Lau Hon Wai Lam Selina

Director

Rebecca Francine Boss Director

# SUNBEAM CHILDREN'S FOUNDATION LIMITED 陽光兒童基金有限公司 STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

Income	<u>Note</u>	<u>2019</u> <u>HK\$</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>HK\$</u>
Donations received		2,679,791	1,871,186
Surplus on fund raising activities	8		1,053,599
		2,679,791	2,924,785
Other gain/(loss) and revenue			
Dividend income		7,965	7,024
Exchange loss		(28,721)	(248,310)
Bank interest received		10,902	7,054
Fair value gain/(loss) of financial assets	5	26,460	(46,268)
Sundry income		12,077	38,338
Subsidies from PRC government		497,352	507,609
		526,035	265,447
		3,205,826	3,190,232
Sunbeam Children's Village,			()
Baiwan expenses	9	(3,311,469)	(3,053,873)
General and administrative expenditure	10	(743,001)	(726,804)
Deficit and total comprehensive loss for the year		(848,644)	(590,445)

# SUNBEAM CHILDREN'S FOUNDATION LIMITED 陽光兒童基金有限公司 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
	<u>HK\$</u>	<u>HK\$</u>
Cash flows from operating activities		
Deficit for the year	(848,644)	(590,445)
Adjustments for :	,	,
Depreciation	330,951	336,069
Dividend income	(7,965)	(7,024)
Fair value (gain)/loss of financial assets	(26,460)	46,268
Interest income	(10,902)	(7,054)
Operating deficit before working capital changes	(563,020)	(222,186)
Increase in utility and other deposits	(300)	-
(Increase)/decrease in prepayment	(101,049)	15,128
Decrease in donation receivable	-	2,200
Decrease in accounts payable	-	(33,758)
Increase in accrued expenses	_	3,580
Increase in receipt in advance on 20th Anniversary Dinner	1,049,748	-
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	385,379	(235,036)
Interest received	10,902	7,054
N	200 201	(007.000)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	396,281	(227,982)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Dividend received	7,965	7,024
Additions of property, plant and equipment	(105,894)	(845,900)
Net cash used in investing activities	(97,929)	(838,876)
Not oddin dood in invocating douvities	(01,020)	(000,010)
Increase/(Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	298,352	(1,066,858)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	6,500,260	7,567,118
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	6,798,612	6,500,260
Analysis of balances of		
cash and cash equivalents		
Fixed deposit at bank	534,002	532,749
Cash at banks	6,233,289	5,929,004
Cash on hand	31,321	38,507
	6,798,612	6,500,260
	5,700,012	3,300,200

# SUNBEAM CHILDREN'S FOUNDATION LIMITED 陽光兒童基金有限公司 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Accumulated surplus HK\$	<u>Total</u> equity <u>HK</u> \$
At 1 January 2018	10,784,362	10,784,362
Deficit and total comprehensive loss for the year	(590,445)	(590,445)
At 31 December 2018 and 1 January 2019	10,193,917	10,193,917
Deficit and total comprehensive loss for the year	(848,644)	(848,644)
At 31 December 2019	9,345,273	9,345,273

#### 1. General Information

## (a) Domicile and Registered Office

Sunbeam Children's Foundation Limited (the "Foundation") is a limited company by guarantee and not having a share capital incorporated in Hong Kong. Its registered office and principal place of business is located at 11/F, Block C1, Kingsford Gardens, 212 Tin Hau Temple Road, Hong Kong.

# (b) Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Foundation is to promote and encourage charitable work for children of need in China.

## (c) Liabilities of the Foundation's Members

In accordance with the Foundation's Articles of Association, every member shall, in the event of the Foundation being wound up, contributed such amount as may be required to meet the liabilities of the Foundation but not exceeding HK\$10 per member.

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (HKFRSs), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards (HKASs) and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (HKICPA), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The HKICPA has issued the following new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Foundation:

Amendments to HKFRS 9	Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation
HKFRS 16	Leases
Amendments to HKAS 19	Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement
Amendments to HKAS 28	Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures
HK(IFRIC)-Int 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015 - 2017 Cycle

None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Foundation's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented.

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

# (b) Measurement Basis

The measurement basis used in the preparation of these financial statements is under the historical cost convention, except the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss which are stated at fair value.

# (c) Foreign Currencies

# (i) Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Foundation are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Foundation operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollars, which is the Foundation's functional and presentation currency.

# (ii) Transactions and Balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

# (d) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less allowance for depreciation as set out in note 4 to the financial statements.

Cost comprises of acquisition costs and any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

# (e) Depreciation

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Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:-

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Classification	Rate per annum
Building portion	2%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Leasehold improvement	6 2/3%
Motor vehicle	20%
Office equipment	33 1/3%

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

#### (f) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

# (g) Investments in Equity and Debt Securities

Investments in equity securities held for trading and long term investment purposes are classified as current assets and non-current assets as appropriate, and are initially stated at fair value. At each of the end of reporting date the fair value is remeasured, with any resultant gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

Debt instruments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, subject to impairment if the assets are held for the collection of contractual cash flows where those contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.

Debt instruments are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if the assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest and the assets are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value with any gains or losses from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses and reversal, foreign exchange gains and losses and interest calculated using the effective interest rate method which are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified from other comprehensive income to the statement of profit or loss when the financial asset is derecognised.

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

## (g) Investments in Equity and Debt Securities - Continued

Debt instruments that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Interest income for these financial assets is included in finance income.

# (h) Accounts Receivable

A receivable is recognised when the Foundation's right to consideration is unconditional. A right to consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses (see note 2k).

# (i) Accounts Payable

Accounts payable are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

## (j) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are payable on demand and form an integral part of the Foundation's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

## (k) Impairment of Assets

# Impairment of investment and other financial assets

The Foundation recognises loss allowances for expected credit loss on the financial instruments that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Foundation considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of financial assets and assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis.

The Foundation considers the credit risk on a financial instrument is low if the financial instrument has a low risk of default, the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the debtor to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

The carrying amount of the receivables is reduced through the use of the receivable impairment charges account. Changes in the carrying amount of the receivable impairment charges account are recognised in profit or loss. The receivable is written off against the receivable impairment charges account when the Foundation has no reasonable expectations of recovering the receivable.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of expected credit losses decreases, the reversal would be adjusted to the receivable impairment charges account at the reporting date. The amount of any reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

## 2. Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

# (k) Impairment of Assets - Continued

# Impairment of other assets

At each reporting date, the Foundation reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds recoverable amount which is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income except where the asset is carried at valuation and the impairment loss does not exceed the revaluation surplus for that same asset, in which case it is treated as a revaluation decrease.

# (I) Revenue Recognition

- (i) Donations and subsidies received are recognised on receipt basis.
- (ii) Surplus on fund raising activity is recognised upon completion of the activity.
- (iii) Interest income from bank deposits is recognised on a time-apportioned basis by reference to the principal outstanding and rate applicable.
- (iv) Dividend income is recognised when the Foundation's right to receive payment is established.
- (v) Sundry income is recognised on an accrual basis.

# (m) Employee Benefits

# (i) Employee Leave Entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave, sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

## (ii) Retirement Benefit Costs

The Foundation contributes to a defined contribution MPF Retirement Scheme(s) for all qualifying Hong Kong employees. Contributions to the scheme by the Foundation are expensed as incurred. The retirement benefit scheme costs charged to the statement of comprehensive income represent contributions payable by the Foundation to the fund. The Foundation's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Foundation in an independently administered fund.

For employees in the Mainland China, the Foundation contributes to the local municipal government retirement scheme in Chinese mainland are expensed as incurred while the local municipal government undertakes to assume the retirement benefit obligations of the qualified employees in Chinese mainland.

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

#### (n) Related Parties

A party is considered to be related to the Foundation if:

- (a) the party is a person, or a close member of that person's family and that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Foundation;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Foundation; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Foundation or of a parent of the Foundation;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) the entity and the Foundation are members of the same group;
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
  - (iii) the entity and the Foundation are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third party;
  - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Foundation or an entity related to the Foundation;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of the Foundation of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Foundation or to the parent of the Foundation.

# (o) Issued But Not Yet Effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards

The Foundation has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 3
Amendments to HKFRS 9,
HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7
Amendments to HKFRS 10
and HKAS 28 (2011)

HKFRS 17

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8

Definition of a Business<sup>1</sup>
Interest Rate Benchmark Reform<sup>1</sup>

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture<sup>3</sup> Insurance Contracts<sup>2</sup> Definition of Material<sup>1</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020
- <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021
- 3 No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

# (o) Issued But Not Yet Effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards - Continued

The Foundation is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these new issues or amendments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far, the Foundation considers that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the Foundation's financial statements.

# 3. Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgements

In the process of applying the Foundation's accounting policies, management has made certain key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

# (a) Assessment of useful economic lives for depreciation of property, plant and equipment

In assessing the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment, management takes into account factors such as the expected usage of the asset by the Foundation based on past experience, the expected physical wear and tear (which depends on operational factors), technical obsolescence arising from changes or improvements in production or from a change in the market demand for the product or service output of the asset. The estimation of the useful life is a matter of judgement based on the experience of the Foundation.

Management reviews the useful lives of property, plant and equipment annually, and if expectation are significantly different from previous estimates of useful economic lives, the useful lives and, therefore, the depreciation rate for the future periods will be adjusted accordingly.

#### (b) Assessment of impairment of non-current assets

Management assesses the recoverable amount of each asset based on its value in use (using relevant rates) or on its net selling price (by reference to market prices), depending upon the anticipated future plans for the asset. Estimating the value in use of an asset involves estimating the future cash inflows and outflows to be derived from continuing use of the asset and from its ultimate disposal and applying the appropriate discount rate to these future cash flows.

SUNBEAM CHILDREN'S FOUNDATION LIMITED 陽光兒童基金有限公司 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

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Property, Plant and Equipment						
At Cost	Leasehold land and and building HK\$	Eurniture and fixtures HK\$	Leasehold improvement HK\$	Motor vehicle HK\$	Office equipment HK\$	Total HK\$
At 1 January 2019 Additions Written off	3,144,227	274,868 2,709	2,895,971 79,850	340,977	664,505 23,335 (11,114)	7,320,548 105,894 (11,114)
At 31 December 2019	3,144,227	277,577	2,975,821	340,977	676,726	7,415,328
Accumulated Depreciation						
At 1 January 2019 Provisions Written back	1,231,873 62,884	208,128 27,579	1,498,207	240,078 43,932	626,799 40,310 (11,114)	3,805,085 330,951 (11,114)
At 31 December 2019	1,294,757	235,707	1,654,453	284,010	655,995	4,124,922
Net Book Value						
At 31 December 2019	1,849,470	41,870	1,321,368	26,967	20,731	3,290,406
At 31 December 2018	1,912,354	66,740	1,397,764	100,899	37,706	3,515,463

The land portion of the leasehold land and building is a piece of land granted by the 清新縣人民政府 at free in Bai Wan Guangdong Province as the site for a children's home named as "Sunbeam Children's Village". The Foundation raised funds to build and furnish the "Sunbeam Children's Village" and the title deed was obtained on 23 April 1999.

SUNBEAM CHILDREN'S FOUNDATION LIMITED 陽光兒童基金有限公司 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

# 4. Property, Plant and Equipment - Continued

At Cost	Leasehold land and and building HK\$	Eurniture and fixtures HK\$	Leasehold improvement HK\$	Motor vehicle HK\$	Office equipment HK\$	Total HK\$
At 1 January 2018	3,144,227	260,875	2,174,515	246,031	649,000	6,474,648
Additions		13,993	721,456	94,946	15,505	845,900
At 31 December 2018	3,144,227	274,868	2,895,971	340,977	664,505	7,320,548
Accumulated Depreciation						
At 1 January 2018	1,168,989	179,891	1,347,285	196,146	576,705	3,469,016
Provisions	62,884	28,237	150,922	43,932	50,094	336,069
At 31 December 2018	1,231,873	208,128	1,498,207	240,078	626,799	3,805,085
Net Book Value						
At 31 December 2018	1,912,354	66,740	1,397,764	100,899	37,706	3,515,463
At 31 December 2017	1,975,238	80,984	827,230	49,885	72,295	3,005,632

			<u>2019</u> HK\$	<u>2018</u> HK\$
5.	Fina	ancial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	<del></del>	
	(a)	Listed equity securities in Hong Kong 11,000 shares of Henderson Investment Limited		
		At 1 January	7,260	7,260
		Fair value loss	(440)	
		At 31 December	6,820	7,260
	(b)	Listed equity securities in Hong Kong 4,474 shares (2018 : 4,068 shares) of Henderson	Land Development Li	mited ("HLD")
		At 1 January	144,231	190,499
		Fair value gain/(loss)	26,900	(46,268)
		At 31 December	171,131	144,231
		During the year, the company received 406 (2018 : 369) b	onus shares of HLD.	
	Tota	al fair value	177,951	151,491
	Clas	ssified as :-		
		-current assets	177,951	151,491
	Curi	rent assets		-
			177,951	151,491

# 6. Income Tax

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made in the financial statements as Section 88 of the Inland Revenue Ordinance applied. No deferred tax has been provided in the financial statements as the directors are of the opinion that there are no taxable or deductible temporary differences.

# 7. <u>Directors' Remuneration</u>

The directors of the Foundation represented the key management personnel of the Foundation. The directors did not draw any remuneration during the year (2018: Nil).

Sur	plus on Fund Raising Activities	<u>HK\$</u>	<u>HK\$</u>
Yea	<u>r 2019</u>	=	
Yea	<u>r 2018</u>		
(a)	Lottery event held on 10 November 2018 :-		
	Income Sales of raffle tickets		160,800
	Expenditure Advertisements of draw results Printing and photocopying Posting, travelling and other expenses	1,526 1,712 247	3,485
	Surplus		157,315
(b)	Black and White Ball		
	Income Auction sales Donation Guest own alcohol consumption Sales of tickets	94,315 755,586 4,214 148,400	1,002,515
	Expenditure Banquet expenses Acoustic performance Ballown and helium gas Music performance Photobooth service Printing and photocopying Posting, travelling and other expenses	119,562 4,000 507 20,000 5,000 5,510 2,527	157,106
	Surplus		845,409
(c)	Sunbeam Evening 1 June 2018		
	Income Donation Sales of tickets	18,100 112,500	130,600
	Expenditure Banquet expenses Printing and photocopying	78,650 305	
	Posting, travelling and other expenses	770	79,725
	Surplus		50,875
Tota	al Surplus	_	1,053,599

# 9. Sunbeam Children's Village, Baiwan expenses

"白灣陽光兒童村"

	<u>2019</u> <u>HK\$</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>HK\$</u>
Book and magazine	10,979	9,399
Children's activity expenses	177,549	132,111
Cleaning expenses	62,095	58,061
Clothing material	15,345	22,750
Electricity	73,304	69,216
Gas	41,045	27,449
Insurance	148,036	129,233
Meals for children's village	522,341	523,389
Medical expenses	33,327	31,061
Miscellaneous equipment and consumable stores	602	7,906
Motor vehicles expenses	48,077	60,378
Office supplies	20,682	17,858
Postage	950	1,166
Repairs and maintenance	46,270	15,607
Retirement benefit costs for PRC employees	167,060	127,347
Salaries and wages for children's village	1,524,608	1,557,238
Staff welfare	23,088	12,680
Stationary	6,197	7,548
Subsidized school fee	349,900	194,411
Sundry expenses	1,221	1,977
Telephone charges	12,556	14,047
Travelling expenses	20,466	28,222
Water	5,771	4,819
	3,311,469	3,053,873

2019 HK\$       2018 HK\$         HK\$       2018 HK\$         HK\$         10. General and Administrative Expenditure         Accountancy fee       60,000       60,000         Audit fee       9,000       9,000         Business registration fee       105       -         Bank charges       7,306       9,117         Depreciation       330,951       336,069         Insurance       3,508       10,241         Legal fee       20,050       6,678         Mandatory provided fund contribution       12,555       11,700         Meeting expense       -       5,482         Miscellaneous equipment and consumable stores       -       6,185         Postage       1,183       6,496         Stationary       758       7,869         Staff salaries       251,097       234,000         Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652				
Accountancy fee       60,000       60,000       60,000       60,000       60,000       9,000       9,000       9,000       9,000       9,000       9,000       9,000       9,000       9,117         Depreciation       330,951       336,069       10,241         Legal fee       20,050       6,678         Mandatory provided fund contribution       12,555       11,700         Meeting expense       -       5,482         Miscellaneous equipment and consumable stores       -       6,185         Postage       1,183       6,496         Stationary       758       7,869         Staff salaries       251,097       234,000         Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652				
Accountancy fee       60,000       60,000         Audit fee       9,000       9,000         Business registration fee       105       -         Bank charges       7,306       9,117         Depreciation       330,951       336,069         Insurance       3,508       10,241         Legal fee       20,050       6,678         Mandatory provided fund contribution       12,555       11,700         Meeting expense       -       5,482         Miscellaneous equipment and consumable stores       -       6,185         Postage       1,183       6,496         Stationary       758       7,869         Staff salaries       251,097       234,000         Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652			<u>HK\$</u>	<u>HK\$</u>
Audit fee       9,000       9,000         Business registration fee       105       -         Bank charges       7,306       9,117         Depreciation       330,951       336,069         Insurance       3,508       10,241         Legal fee       20,050       6,678         Mandatory provided fund contribution       12,555       11,700         Meeting expense       -       5,482         Miscellaneous equipment and consumable stores       -       6,185         Postage       1,183       6,496         Stationary       758       7,869         Staff salaries       251,097       234,000         Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652	10.	General and Administrative Expenditure		
Business registration fee       105       -         Bank charges       7,306       9,117         Depreciation       330,951       336,069         Insurance       3,508       10,241         Legal fee       20,050       6,678         Mandatory provided fund contribution       12,555       11,700         Meeting expense       -       5,482         Miscellaneous equipment and consumable stores       -       6,185         Postage       1,183       6,496         Stationary       758       7,869         Staff salaries       251,097       234,000         Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652		Accountancy fee	60,000	60,000
Bank charges       7,306       9,117         Depreciation       330,951       336,069         Insurance       3,508       10,241         Legal fee       20,050       6,678         Mandatory provided fund contribution       12,555       11,700         Meeting expense       -       5,482         Miscellaneous equipment and consumable stores       -       6,185         Postage       1,183       6,496         Stationary       758       7,869         Staff salaries       251,097       234,000         Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652		Audit fee	9,000	9,000
Depreciation       330,951       336,069         Insurance       3,508       10,241         Legal fee       20,050       6,678         Mandatory provided fund contribution       12,555       11,700         Meeting expense       -       5,482         Miscellaneous equipment and consumable stores       -       6,185         Postage       1,183       6,496         Stationary       758       7,869         Staff salaries       251,097       234,000         Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652		Business registration fee	105	-
Insurance       3,508       10,241         Legal fee       20,050       6,678         Mandatory provided fund contribution       12,555       11,700         Meeting expense       -       5,482         Miscellaneous equipment and consumable stores       -       6,185         Postage       1,183       6,496         Stationary       758       7,869         Staff salaries       251,097       234,000         Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652		Bank charges	7,306	9,117
Legal fee       20,050       6,678         Mandatory provided fund contribution       12,555       11,700         Meeting expense       -       5,482         Miscellaneous equipment and consumable stores       -       6,185         Postage       1,183       6,496         Stationary       758       7,869         Staff salaries       251,097       234,000         Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652		Depreciation	330,951	336,069
Mandatory provided fund contribution       12,555       11,700         Meeting expense       -       5,482         Miscellaneous equipment and consumable stores       -       6,185         Postage       1,183       6,496         Stationary       758       7,869         Staff salaries       251,097       234,000         Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652		Insurance	3,508	10,241
Meeting expense       -       5,482         Miscellaneous equipment and consumable stores       -       6,185         Postage       1,183       6,496         Stationary       758       7,869         Staff salaries       251,097       234,000         Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652		Legal fee	20,050	6,678
Miscellaneous equipment and consumable stores       -       6,185         Postage       1,183       6,496         Stationary       758       7,869         Staff salaries       251,097       234,000         Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652		Mandatory provided fund contribution	12,555	11,700
Postage       1,183       6,496         Stationary       758       7,869         Staff salaries       251,097       234,000         Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652		Meeting expense	-	5,482
Stationary       758       7,869         Staff salaries       251,097       234,000         Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652		Miscellaneous equipment and consumable stores	-	6,185
Staff salaries       251,097       234,000         Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652		Postage	1,183	6,496
Storage fee       16,589       16,589         Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652		Stationary	758	7,869
Sundry expenses       24,730       906         Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652		Staff salaries	251,097	234,000
Telephone charges       1,460       1,820         Travelling expenses       3,709       4,652		Storage fee	16,589	16,589
Travelling expenses		Sundry expenses	24,730	906
		Telephone charges	1,460	1,820
743,001 726,804		Travelling expenses	3,709	4,652
<u>743,001</u>				
			743,001	726,804

# 11. Financial Risk Management

The Foundation is exposed to various kinds of risks in its operation and financial instruments. The Foundation's risk management objectives and policies mainly focus on minimising the potential adverse effects of these risks on the Foundation by closely monitoring the individual exposure as follow:-

# (a) Credit risk

The Foundation has no significant concentration of credit risk. Hence it does not have any specific policies in this regard. The Foundation's principal financial assets are its bank balances. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are authorised financial institutions regulated under the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance or PRC Banking Regulation Law.

# (b) Liquidity risk

The Foundation's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and cash equivalents to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

# 11. Financial Risk Management - Continued

# (c) Interest rate risk

The Foundation is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest bearing financial assets which are mainly short-term bank deposits. Since the bank deposits are all short-term in nature, any future variation in interest rate will not have a significant impact on the results of the Foundation.

# (d) Foreign exchange rate risk

The Foundation's exposure to risk resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates is considered not significant and hence no hedging instrument is employed to hedge against the risk.

#### (e) Price risk

Price risk represents the possibilities of changes in fair value of future cash flows due to changes in market prices. The Foundation is exposed to equity security price risk through its investments held classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The Foundation is not exposed to commodity price risk. Management constantly reviews the investments held by the Foundation in order to minimise the price risk.

Summary quantitative data

	<u>2019</u> <u>HK\$</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>HK\$</u>
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	177,951	151,491
8 1		

## Sensitivity analysis

A 10% increase/decrease in market value at 31 December 2019 with all other variables held constant would increase/decrease the Foundation's surplus for the year by HK\$17,795 (2018: HK\$15,149), assuming the change in equity price had occurred at the end of reporting date and had been applied to the exposure to equity price risk for the relevant financial instruments in existence at that date. The changes in equity price represent management of a reasonably possible change in equity price at that date over the period until the end of the next annual reporting period.

The analysis is prepared on the same basis for 2018.

# 12. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments

The Foundation use the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments:

- Level 1: fair value measured using quoted prices in active markets for identical financial assets or liabilities:
- Level 2: fair value measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the financial asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: fair value measured using inputs for the financial asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The Foundation's financial instruments carried at fair value at the end of the reporting period are financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Their fair values are measured using quoted prices in the active markets for identical financial instruments that is Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. During the year ended 31 December 2019, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between levels.

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Foundation's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values, are as follows:

	Carrying amounts		Fair values		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
	<u>HK\$</u>	HK\$	<u>HK\$</u>	<u>HK\$</u>	
Financial assets at fair					
value through profit or					
loss	177,951	151,491	177,951	151,491	

Management has assessed that the fair values of the Foundation's financial assets included in utility and other deposits, prepayments, fixed deposit at bank, cash and bank balances, financial liabilities included in accrued expenses and donations received in advance approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount a which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

# 12. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments - Continued

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Foundation's financial instruments:

Level 1

HK\$

2019

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

177,951

2018

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

151,491

# 13. Financial Instrument by Category

Other than certain financial assets being classified as financial assets at far value through profit or loss as disclosed in note 5 to the financial statements, all financial assets and liabilities of the Foundation as at 2019 and 2018 are loans and receivables, and financial liabilities stated at amortised cost, respectively.

# 14. Capital Management

Capital comprises of accumulated surplus stated on the statement of financial position. The Foundation's objectives when managing capital are:-

- (a) To safeguard the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, so it continues to provide services for members and benefits for other stakeholders;
- (b) To support the Foundation's stability and growth; and
- (c) To provide capital for the purpose of strengthening the Foundation's risk management capability.

The Foundation actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital in order to ensure sufficient fund is available for maintaining the quality and quantity of services to be provided to members and other stakeholders, taking into consideration the future capital requirements of the Foundation, prevailing and projected profitability, projected operating cash flows, projected capital expenditures and projected strategic investment opportunities.

# 15. Comparative Figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation.

# 16. Events After the Reporting Period

The outbreak of COVID-19 coronavirus ("COVID-19") in early 2020 has posed a significant threat to the society and global economy. The Foundation will continue to closely monitor the development of the COVID-19 outbreak and take all necessary measures to mitigate the impact on the Foundation's operations.

-END OF NOTES-